



THE SOLDIERS

White Paper v2.0 (EN)

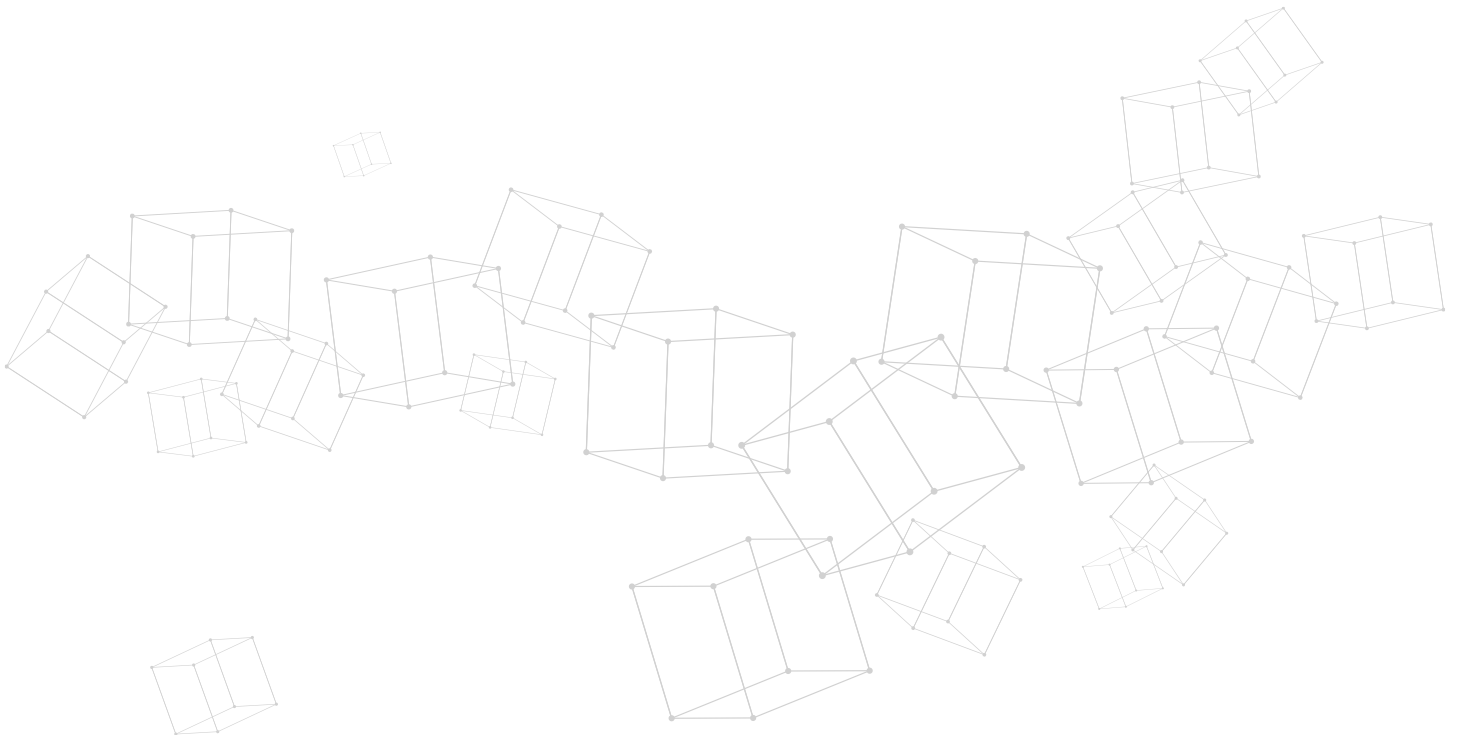




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Story

"On April 18, 22, NASA admitted the existence of UFOs and informs each country that an invasion is planned.

Communication was successful at Groom Lake in Lincoln County, Nevada, commonly referred to as Area 51, and their purpose was to invade.

Heads of each country held an emergency meeting and decided that they could not fight alien life forms with modern weapons, so they started developing new weapons, the robots. An interesting test result came out during the development of the new weapon. The combat performance of the soldiers who usually enjoy FPS games was much better than the one of ordinary soldiers.

Accordingly, each country secretly agreed to recruit elite soldiers, and intends to use a platform called Metaverse to enjoy FPS games. To stimulate the competitive spirit, FPS is being produced based on real conflict zones, and the media of each country is stimulating users to provoke them.

Each country is providing support from behind so that it can lead the competition by cultivating 10,000 elite soldiers and demonstrate superior combat performance. But don't forget... we're fighting in a conflict zone just to get things right and our real enemy is an outsider, not an insider..."

Digital Art

Artwork by OpenSea's artist.

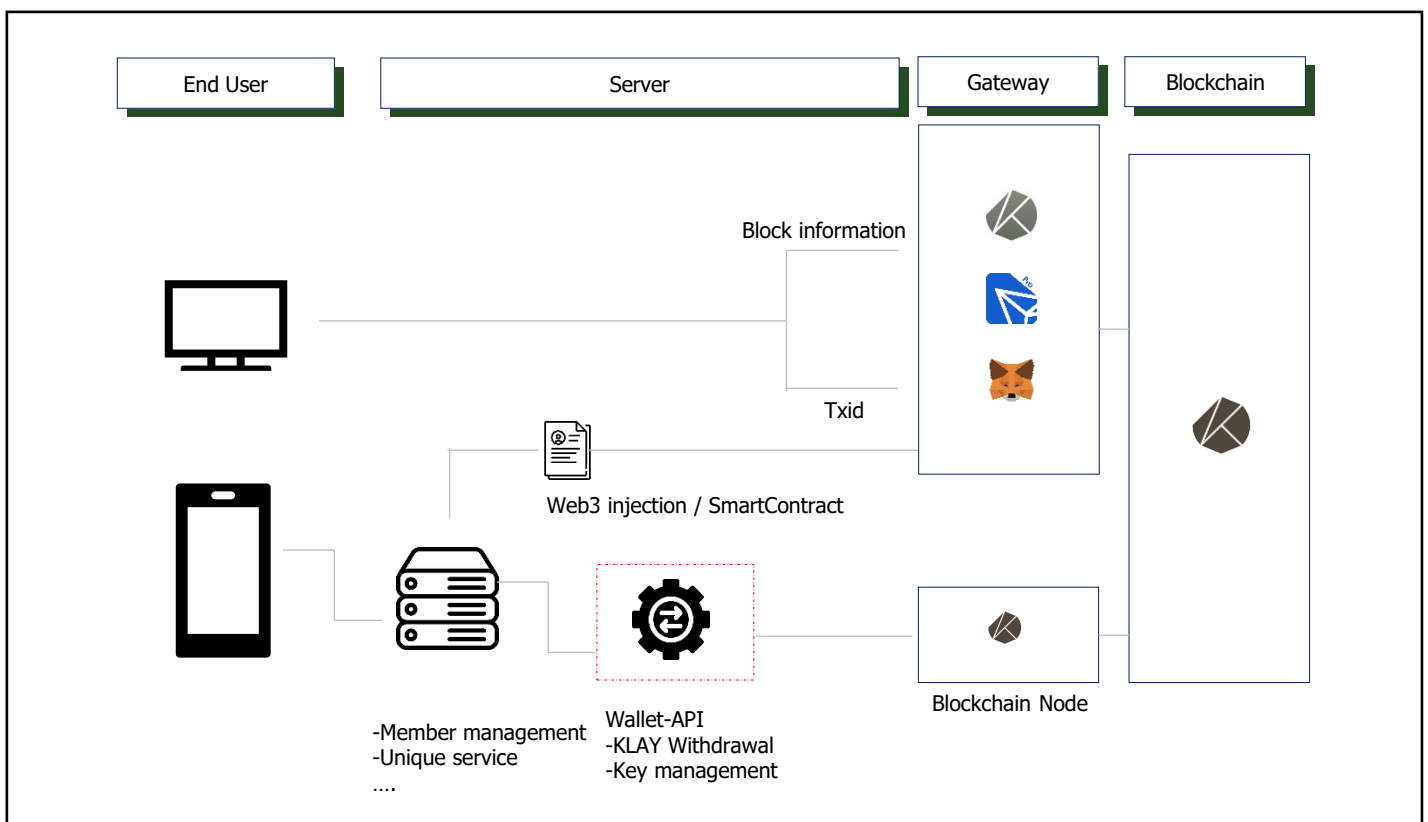




The Soldiers NFT

Based on the worldview of The Soldiers, the original published NFT content is stored in the IPFS (InterPlanetary File System) distributed file system. NFT is issued through THE Soldiers internal management wallet, and the assets in the exchange wallet of the copyright holder who requested the issuance are deducted as gas fee.

The issued NFT edition is created in the collection of the copyright holder, and the right to sell it belongs to the copyright holder. You can also use The Soldiers NFT Wallet. However, the information of the issuer recorded on the blockchain is provided by THE Soldiers. The management system for this allows the copyright holder to access the on-chain personal wallet and store and move the NFT.





Ecosystem

Ownership of items created and used in Soldiers' new virtual reality ecosystem is fully protected by smart contracts.

In other words, any participant in the Soldiers ecosystem can become an item participant, have ownership of the item, and be protected, and continuous revenue generation is possible through smart contracts.

In this way, by using the blockchain using the platform, it leads a virtuous cycle by protecting the ownership related to item production and encouraging more items to be stored and combined in order to create a sound market ecosystem related to virtual reality.

In addition, it can be used in real life, and The Soldiers Silver Coin [TSS] is issued through Klaytn's KIP-7 blockchain and can be confirmed by smart contract. The Soldiers Gold Coin [TSG] and The Soldiers Coupon can be exchanged through The Soldiers Swap Pool. Through this swap, The Soldier's Gold Coin [TSG] can be exchanged for fiat currency virtual assets at the exchange, and users who purchase The Soldier's coupon can use it in real life through the service provided by The Soldiers.

In the traditional system, it is a centralized system that establishes a reliable data institution that centrally manages transaction information, secures and operates the trust of the institution, and requires high social costs.

On the other hand, in the blockchain-based The Soldiers system, the collected information is distributed in a peer-to-peer (P2P) network rather than a central server of a specific institution, and the participating members jointly record and manage it.

Therefore, it is unnecessary to input human resources and resources to operate a trusted third party on the platform, and since all transaction records are encrypted and disclosed to members, data transparency can be improved.

It is composed of a structure that secures safety in terms of security and an architecture that can maximize the security service of the platform. The main point of use is converted into points through an application and can be used immediately as a real pay card. Alternatively, you can use Soldiers Silver Coins at a significantly discounted price for pensions/resorts/caravans/water parks/spas/season leisure/rental cars/travels serviced by our partner Leisure Station (www.lsstation.co.kr).

Regarding the incineration policy, the Soldiers Gold Coin [TSG] is incinerated with Soldiers Pay Card Rewards, The Soldiers Item Purchase (backpack, weapons, clothing, decorations, etc.), The Soldiers V2/V3 Minting, Minting of other projects and partners, etc. disclose information.



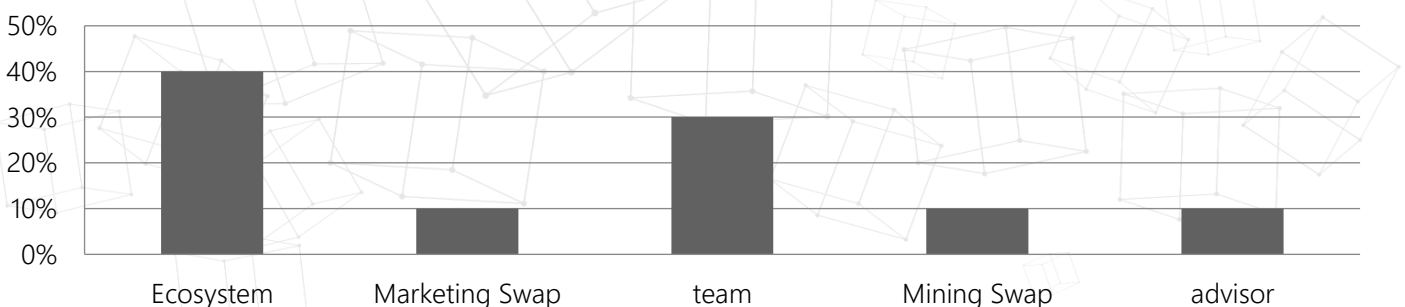
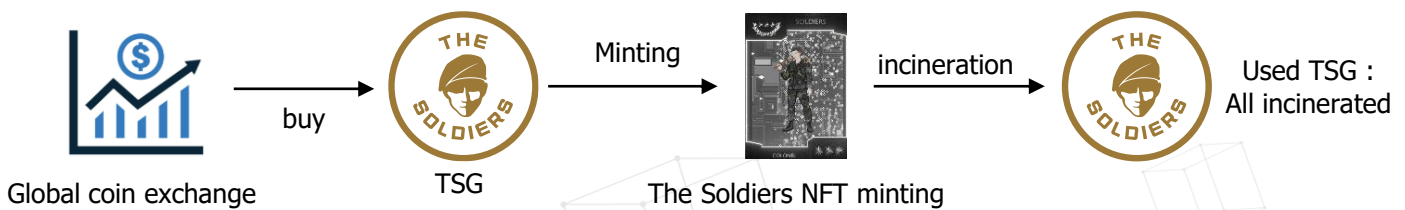
The Soldiers Gold Coin (TSG)



Token Name	THE SOLDIERS GOLD
Symbol	TSG
Algorithm	KIP-7
Total token supply	1,000,000,000 TSG
Contract address	0xd9ef44724e029fc169c6c846dc5dfc4de275e4cf

The Soldiers Gold (TSG) coin is issued by providing a global payment system so that participants in The Soldiers NFT ecosystem using blockchain technology can engage in active economic activities. The Soldiers Gold (TSG) coin solves the shortcomings of exchange rate and fee issues between countries, and enables exchange with legal virtual assets in the token ecosystem of The Soldiers Network.

As such, the Network uses blockchain technology to lower the barriers to entry so that potential global partners can join, and use it as a key asset to expand The Soldiers worldview.





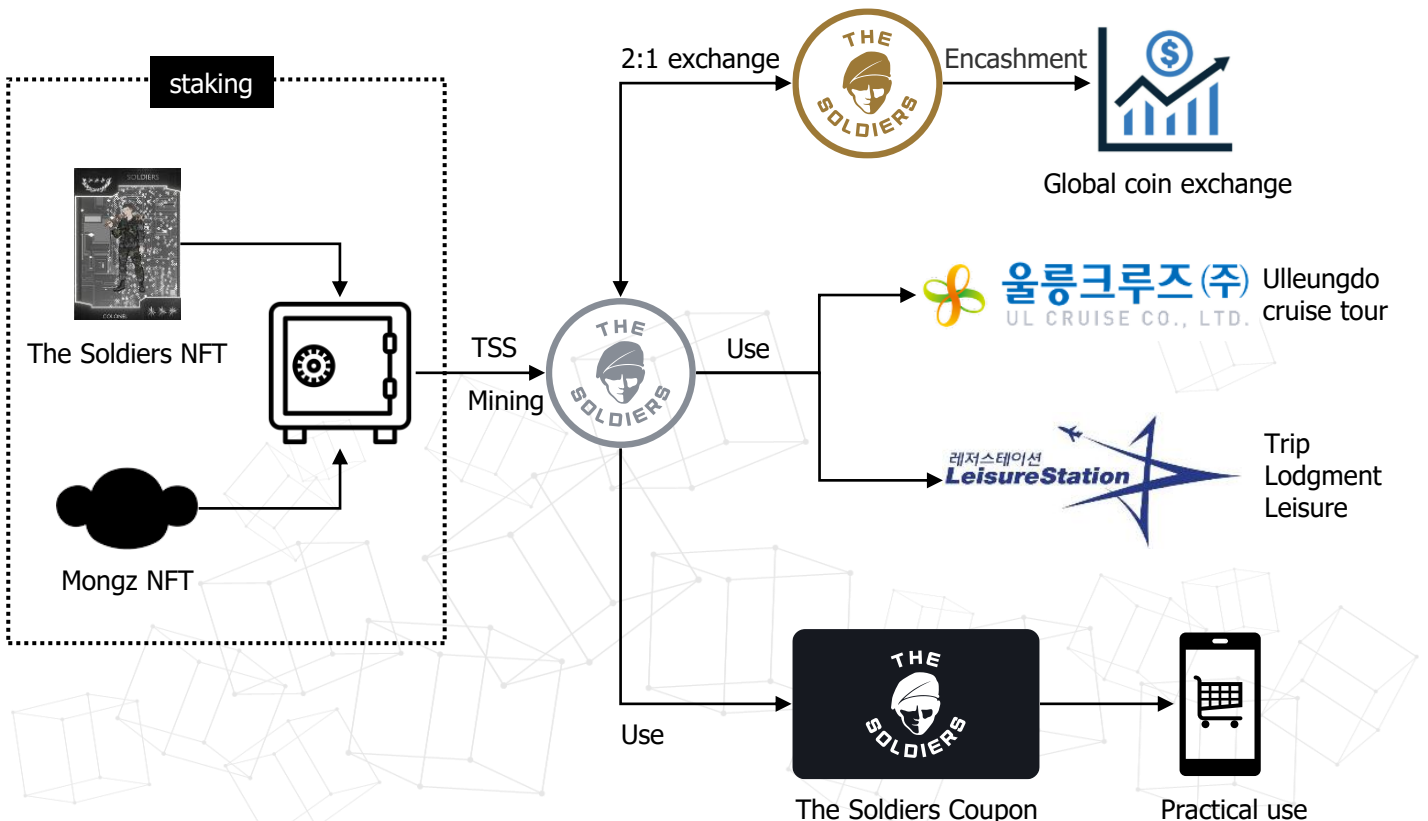
The Soldiers Silver Coin (TSS)



Token Name	THE SOLDIERS SILVER
Symbol	TSS
Algorithm	KIP-7
Total token supply	1,000,000,000 TSG
Contract address	0x962e7cc60ab37ac89f10557d30d6a73b9389f011

The Soldiers Silver Coin [TSS] was issued for the purpose of rewarding the economic activities of the The Soldiers NFT ecosystem, and can be exchanged for The Soldiers Gold Coin [TSG] or The Soldiers Coupon using The Soldiers Swap Pool.

Through this swap, The Soldiers Gold Coin [TSG] can be exchanged for fiat currency virtual assets at the exchange, and users who purchase The Soldiers coupon can use it in real life through services provided through The Soldiers or affiliated companies. can





The SoldiersNFT

TSS Mining table according to rank (rarity)



Staking
TSS auto mining



The Soldiers NFT

TSS

TSS Mining Halving Schedule
(Mining amount irrelevant, halved depending on the period)

Rank	Quantity	1EA NFT Mining		Total Mining by Class	
		One day	one month	One day	one month
General	0	0	0	0	0
lieutenant general	0	0	0	0	0
Major general	1	1,333	40,000	1,333	40,000
brigadier general	4	1,000	30,000	4,000	120,000
Colonel	7	400	12,000	2,800	84,000
Lieutenant colonel	14	200	6,000	2,800	84,000
Major	20	133	4,000	2,667	80,000
Warrant officer	18	100	3,000	1,800	54,000
Captain	31	67	2,000	2,067	62,000
first lieutenant	45	60	1,800	2,700	81,000
second lieutenant	60	53	1,600	3,200	96,000
Sergeant major	76	47	1,400	3,547	106,400
Master sergeant	203	43	1,300	8,797	263,900
sergeant first class	352	40	1,200	14,080	422,400
Staff sergeant	452	37	1,100	16,573	497,200
Sergeant	626	33	1,000	20,867	626,000
Corporal	705	30	900	21,150	634,500
Private first class	1,328	20	600	26,560	796,800
Private	1,058	17	500	17,633	529,000
Total	5,000	3,613	108,400	152,573	4,577,200

Y	M	Mining
1	3	13,731,600
	6	6,865,800
	9	3,432,900
	12	1,716,450
2	15	858,225
	18	429,113
	21	214,556
	24	107,278
3	27	53,639
	30	26,820
	33	13,410
	36	6,705
4	39	3,352
	42	1,676
	45	838
	48	419
5	51	210
	54	105
	57	52
	60	26



Roadmap

STEP 1

Soldiers Minting, Reveal in 2weeks.

2022. 04: Birth of The Soldiers
2022. 04. 18 : 1st minting (Whitelist 3,000pcs/400Klay)
2022. 04. 28 : Public 2,000pcs/500Klay
The Soldiers Gold coin[TSG] Listed on the global exchange

STEP 2

Giveaway

24K gold name tag(appx. 7.5g) : 30 winners draw
Jeep Wrangler Rubicon 1 winner draw
Offline barracks experience and survival content provision

STEP 3

Reveal & COIN White Paper Open

2022. 05. 07. 1st Reveal(Rank disclosure)
2nd Reveal(3D image)
3rd Reveal : Select each faction (Army, Navy, Air Force)
Open The Soldiers Silver Coin[TSS] mining pool
Open The Soldiers Swap pool

STEP 4

Benefit

Distribution of The Soldiers Patriotic Card (Prepaid Pay Card)
Leisure station 10 year(2022.~2031) membership
Pohang-Ulleung cruise round-trip free lifetime (worth 240,000 won round-trip)
2022. 05. 15. Start Soldiers silver coin mining
VIP invitation to Dokdo event with announcers and many celebrities (planned in June)

STEP 5

Where to use the coin?

Soldiers item(Backpacks, weapons, clothing, decorations, etc.) can be purchased
Coins used in real life, can be used immediately after mining (reservation of leisure station)
Soldiers pay card linkage (expected in June)Points can be exchanged up to 20% of the mining amount
Soldiers gold coin white paper disclosure

STEP 6

Patriotism activities.

Visit Dokdo with many famous celebrities and announcers
Broad media coverage of each broadcaster
Official sponsorship of government agencies such as Ulsan City and Ulleung County

STEP 7

Soldiers game open

2022. 08. : Battle-type game scheduled to open
2022. 12. : Korean FPS games scheduled to open



Legal Considerations Related to NFT

Due to the novelty of the technology and the nature of NFTs inherent in various considerations from a commercial, legal and regulatory perspective, the legal nature and classification of NFTs and official interpretations of their regulations have not been clearly made in many countries. The review is ongoing in each country. Since NFTs inevitably have underlying assets and represent rights to them, their legal nature varies depending on whether they fall under the existing securities laws, or are classified as commodities or separate virtual assets. The application of various relevant regulations can be problematic. In addition, due to the nature of NFTs, cross-border transactions are possible, so it is necessary to pay attention to and review not only Korean regulations but also overseas regulations.

Money laundering risk, regulatory and security-related risks are considered as a means of money laundering by NFTs, apart from issues such as reporting virtual asset operators under the Act on the Reporting and Use of Specific Financial Transaction Information when NFTs are Virtual Assets. The risk of being used itself is also an issue. NFTs have a high risk of being used as a means of money laundering due to their characteristics such as opacity, anonymity/confidentiality, mobility, and value representation of the underlying asset. Regulatory agencies in each country may apply regulatory measures to prevent money laundering risks related to NFTs, so it is necessary to timely identify trends in related regulations and strive to comply with them. An example is the statement issued by the Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) under the U.S. Department of the Treasury on October 30, 2020, regarding money laundering risks arising from the trading of expensive works of art.

In addition, NFTs have a high risk of becoming a target of cybercriminals, especially in the case of centralized NFT exchanges, which are highly likely to induce criminals by storing private keys. Therefore, individuals or companies who want to engage in NFT transactions need to check the security status of NFT-related platforms such as NFT exchanges, and NFT platforms also need to strengthen technical, physical, and administrative security devices.

As for other issues (copyright issues for underlying assets), if you want to purchase NFTs, you need to carefully check the content and scope of the rights represented by NFTs. In particular, it is important to note that purchasing an NFT does not automatically acquire the copyright for the underlying asset. In the case of an NFT with a smart contract attached, it is necessary to carefully examine whether conditions for copyright transfer are added or the NFT issuer's right to receive copyright royalties is added. If you wish to sell NFTs, you must clearly indicate the contents and conditions of the NFTs you are selling, so that you do not take any legal responsibility to the buyer for misrepresentation. Businesses that issue NFTs often issue NFTs by signing contracts with creators or copyrights as well as directly owned assets. In this case, it is necessary to sufficiently discuss the main license conditions to be applied to the NFT, and to minimize legal risks by specifying them in the contract to be concluded with creators and the NFT.

The implication is that NFT is a means of representing ownership and property value of basic assets such as various works of art and game items in the digital realm. It has a positive function of pioneering new asset areas and functions and expanding asset distribution channels. Companies, as well as individuals interested in capitalizing/monetizing NFTs, can digitalize existing assets or create new digital assets to establish new types of business models and diversify revenue sources through NFTs, they might also consider NFTs as an investment destination. Despite these positive functions of NFTs, the regulatory environment for NFTs is still uncertain, and risks of money laundering and security may be high. Therefore, various reviews related to NFTs need to be carefully conducted together with external experts.